Part No. P5718CT (Aerosol)



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Hoppe's 9 Blast & Shine Firearm Action Grease Remover

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : Hoppe's 9 Blast & Shine Firearm Action Grease Remover

Manufacturer Product Number: P5718CTSupplier Product Numbers: CD1

1.2 Other Means of Identification

Other Identifiers : Not Applicable

1.3 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use: Solvent used on firearms.Restrictions on Use: None Identified

1.4 Supplier Details

Company Name : Manufacturer Details Supplier Details

Bushnell Holdings Inc.

1.5 24 hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : Emergency Telephone Number (Hazardous Material/Dangerous Goods Transportation Emergency ONLY)

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture			
Flam. Aerosol 2	H223	Physical Hazards	Flammable aerosol Category 2
Press. Gas (Comp.)	H280	Physical Hazards	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Stot Se 3	H336	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3, Narcosis

2.2 Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms







Signal Word	Warning
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Hazard Statements	H223	: Flammable aerosol
	H280	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
	Н319	: Causes serious eye irritation
	Н336	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Precautionary Statements	P210	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P211	: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P261	: Avoid breathing spray.

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P264 : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 : Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 : Wear protective gloves and eye protection .

P304+P340 : If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 : If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 : Call physician if you feel unwell

P337+P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403 : Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 : Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 : Dispose of contents/container to local regulations

2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

2.4 Unknown acute toxicity

3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)

3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Composition

Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Acetone	67-64-1	>= 60	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1 - 5	Press. Gas (Comp.), H280

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

General Measures

: Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

Inhalation

: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist or if unconscious.

Skin Contact

: Remove with soap and water, rinsing and repeating for 15 minutes. Use skin cream to counter any resulting dryness. Consult a physician if irritation continues. If large skin area is affected, remove contaminated clothing. . Wash skin with plenty of water.

Eye Contact

: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

: Do not induce vomiting! Immediatley have the victim drink plenty of water. Do not give milk or digestible oils Keep airways free. Contact a physician. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, unconscious, or convulsing. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

First-Aid Responder Protection

: Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

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4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms of Exposure : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Dermatitis, Central Nervous System Depression, Skin

Irritation, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Optical Nerve Damage, Chest Tightness.

Delayed Effects : No known delayed effects.

Immediate Effects : Asphyxia.

Chronic Effects : Because of defatting properties, repeated skin contact can cause skin damage such as chap, dermatitis,

inflammation and the formation of eczema.

Target Organs : Cardiovascular System, Central Nervous System, Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.

4.3 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician : Treat symptomatically.

Specific Treatments/Antidotes : No Information Available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated : May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors. See also Section 10.6.

Specific Hazards During Firefighting : Flammable. Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in container bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.

5.3 Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

Firefighting Instructions : Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat

developed pressure.

Protection during Firefighting : Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel : No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas.

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove

ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel : Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions : Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental

contamination.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures : Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be

contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

Cleanup Procedures : Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well.

Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other Information: Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupturecontents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and

contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be

incinerated or burned.

Prohibited Materials : Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

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SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions

: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation, opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Hygiene Recommendations

: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements

: Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

Incompatibilities
NFPA 30B Classification

Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.
This product is classified as a Level 2 Aerosol per NFPA 30B

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	30000 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	9000 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	40000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	30000 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	9000 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	54000 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	30000 ррт

Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	610 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	760 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm

Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	500 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1200 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1780 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	750 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	3000 ppm

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Acetone (67-64-1)			
Biological Exposure Index	Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)	25 mg/l	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	300 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3000 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	590 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	885 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	300 ppm	
Biological Exposure Index	MEK in Urine, End of shift	2 mg/l	

8.2 Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye / Face Protection

: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.

Hand Protection

: Chemical-resistant gloves, tested according to ASTM F903 - 17.

Remarks

: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to the place of work.

Skin and Body Protection

: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Respiratory Protection

: Respiratory protection is not anticipated to be needed.

Compliance

 $: \ \textit{If needed, compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.}$

Other Protective Equipment

: Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.

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Environmental Exposure Controls : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Physical Properties			
Boiling Point	> 55.60 °C	Melting / Freezing Point	>-98.00 °C
Flash Point, Liquid	>-17.20 °C	Flash Point, Propellant	0.00 °C
Explosive Limits	LEL: 1.80 UEL: 16.00 vol %	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	454.00 °C
Flammability	Flammable Aerosol	Density	0.819 g/cm³
Molecular Weight	Not Available	Weight	6.835 lbs/gal
Vapor Pressure	Not Available	pH	Not Available
Vapor Density	Not Available	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available	Partition Coefficient (Log Pow)	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Refractive Index	Not Available
Physical State	Pressurized Product	Heat Of Combustion	11532.67 BTU/lb
Appearance / Color	Colorless	Water Solubility	Not Available
Odor	Slight	Decomposition Temperature	Not Available

9.2 Environmental Properties			
Percent Volatile	97.00 % wt	VOC Regulatory	595.89 g/L (4.97 lbs/gal)
Percent VOC	8.00 % wt	VOC Actual	65.52 g/L (0.55 lbs/gal)
Percent HAP	8.00 % wt	HAP Content	65.52 g/L (0.55 lbs/gal)
Global Warming Potential	0.40 GWP	Maximum Incremental Reactivity	0.4480 g O3/g

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Ozone Depletion Potential 0.00 ODP

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemical Stability : This product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to Avoid : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Hot Surfaces, Heat, Flames, Sparks.

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Materials to Avoid : Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Reducing Agents, Strong Acids, Potassium t-Butoxide, Hydrogen Peroxide.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal Decomposition : Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Formaldehyde, Methanol, Acetic Acid.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

Methyl Acetate (CAS: 79-20-9 / EC: 201-185-2)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6970 mg/kg (Lit.)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 49.28 mg/l/4h (External SDS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	16000 - 32000 (ChemInfo)	

Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1 / EC: 200-662-2)

LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	76 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Database)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS: 78-93-3 / EC: 201-159-0)

LD50 Oral (Rat)	2737 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	6480 mg/kg (RTECS)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	205 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	30200 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)

Routes Of Exposure : Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation.

Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure

: See Section 4.2

Skin Corrosion/Irritation : Not classified

Eye Damage/Irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

 Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
 : Not classified

 Germ Cell Mutagenicity
 : Not classified

 Reproductive Toxicity
 : Not classified

STOT-Single Exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-Repeated Exposure : Not classified
Aspiration Hazard : Not classified
Vaporizer : Aerosol

Carcinogen Data : None of the ingredients in the product are listed with OSHA, IARC, NTP or ACGIH as being a suspected or

known carcinogen in a concentration greater than 0.1% by weight.

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SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotovicity and Ecological Proporties				
12.1 Ecotoxicity and Ecological Properties				
Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)				
Log Pow 0.83				
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)				
LC50 Fish	250 - 350 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr			
EC50 Daphnia	1026.7 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr			
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 120 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr			
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	6100 mg/l Bacteria - 30min			
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Inherently biodegradable. Highly mobile in soil.			
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1511.8 mg/g			
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	1510 mg/g			
Biodegration	70 % 28 Days			
BCF Fish	< 1 (BCF)			
Log Pow	0.18			
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).			
Log Koc	0.68			
Acetone (67-64-1)				
LC50 Fish	5540 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr			
LC50 Fish	8300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h			
EC50 Daphnia	8800 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr			
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.			
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.43 g O₂/g substance			
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.92 g O₂/g substance			
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.2 g O₂/g substance			
BCF Fish	0.69			
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	3			
Log Pow	-0.24			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)				
LC50 Fish	3130 - 3320 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h			
EC50 Daphnia	7060 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr			
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic			
•	conditions.			
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	2.03 g O₂/g substance			
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.31 g O ₂ /g substance			
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.44 g O ₂ /g substance			
Log Pow	0.3 (Experimental value; OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method; 40 °C)			
Bioacculative Potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
Log Koc	Koc,34; Calculated value			

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal

: Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal Of Packaging

: In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions : Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : ** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.

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14.1	UN Number		DOT (USA)	IATA (AID)	IMDG (OCEAN)
JN Num		:	UN1950	IATA (AIR) UN1950	UN1950
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Prop	er Shipping Name	:	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity
14.3	Transport Hazard Class(es)		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Transpo	rt Hazard Class(es)	:	2.1	2.1	2.1
Labels		:	None	2.1 - Flammable gas	None
Limited Quantity		:	Yes	Yes	Yes
EmS Cod	e	: -	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	F-D, S-U
14.4	Packing Group		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Packing	Group	:	None	None	None
14.5	Environmental Hazards		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Marine F	Pollutant	:	No	No	No
14.6	Special Precautions				
Precautions		: None Identified			
14.7	Transport in Bulk				

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1	Federal Regulations	

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

SARA Section 313 : This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de

minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

TSCA Section 12(b) : This product or mixture is not known to contain a chemical or chemicals subject to the export notification requirements of section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and 40 CFR Part 707, subpart D

: Chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of Section 102 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) if released to the environment at or above the reportable quantity

Acetone	CAS-No. 67-64-1	5000 lb
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	CAS-No. 78-93-3	5000 lb

TSCA Inventory (United States): All chemical substances in this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption except for:

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15.2 State Regulations

California Proposition 65

: This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

State Right-to-Know Lists

: The following chemical(s) appear on one or more state RTK (Right to Know) lists as indicated

	- (3 ,
Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Acetone (67-64-1)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes

 Section
 Changed item
 Change

 1
 Supersedes
 Modified

 1
 Change to Supplier Details
 Modified

 1
 Revision date
 Modified

Full Text of H-Statements

H Code	H Phrase
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness