



# OWNERS' MANUAL

## Crosman Compound Bow

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS BEFORE USING

**Special Message to Parents:** Personal injury or death can result from improper handling of a bow if an arrow strikes someone in a vulnerable spot. This bow is not a toy. Therefore, if you purchased this bow for use by a younger shooter, please make certain he or she operates it under the supervision of an adult.

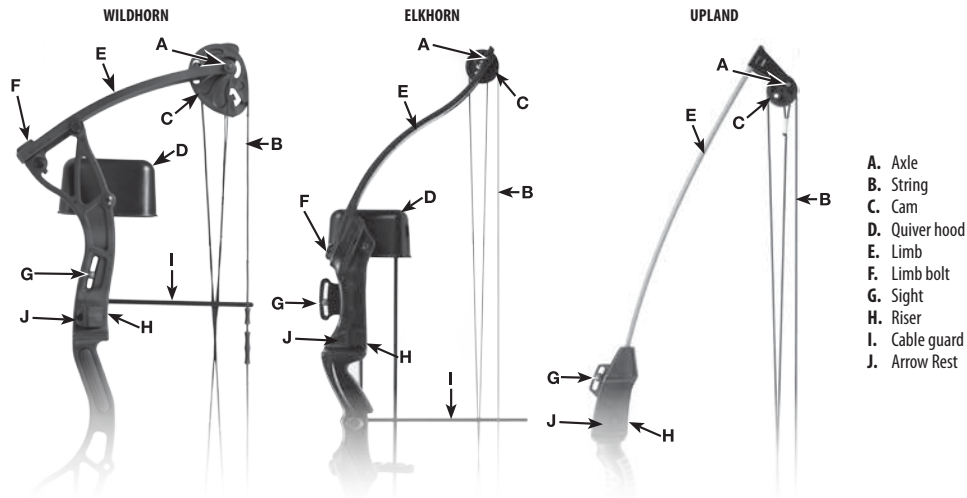
**WARNING:** ADULT SUPERVISION REQUIRED. RECOMMENDED FOR USE BY THOSE 9 YEARS OR OLDER. DO NOT SHOOT THESE ARROWS IN ANY OTHER BOW. MISUSE OR CARELESS USE MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING.

BUYER AND USER HAVE THE DUTY TO OBEY ALL LAWS ABOUT THE USE AND OWNERSHIP OF THIS BOW

### 1. SAFETY FIRST

- A. Target Safety**
- This bow is **NOT** a toy. Adult supervision is **ALWAYS** required when any type of bow is in use.
  - **NEVER** point a drawn bow at anything you do not intend to shoot.
  - **NEVER** point a drawn bow at another person.
  - **NEVER** shoot arrows randomly straight up in the air or in any direction where you may hurt someone or something.
  - **ALWAYS** be sure of your target and beyond.
  - **ALWAYS** check your archery backstop for wear before and after each use. All target backstops are subject to wear and will eventually fail. Replace your target backstop if the surface is worn or damaged.
  - **ALWAYS** wear safety glasses with any type of archery product.
  - **ALWAYS** be sure of your local laws and regulations.
- B. Bow Safety**
- **NEVER** "dry-fire" your bow! Dry-firing severely weakens the life expectancy of your bow and may cause damage resulting in injury to yourself or others.
  - **NEVER** use underweight arrows. This has the same effect as dry-firing a bow and may cause serious injury.
  - **NEVER** draw your bow beyond its maximum draw length as damage to the limbs, cables, and strings could occur.
  - **ALWAYS** inspect your arrows and nock regularly. Damaged arrows and nocks may cause serious injury. Any dented, split, or splintered arrows should be discarded immediately.
  - **ALWAYS** inspect your bow after each use. Be sure all parts are secured and accessories are tight. Inspect your string and cables for wear or damage.
  - **ALWAYS** make sure the accessories are properly installed before shooting.

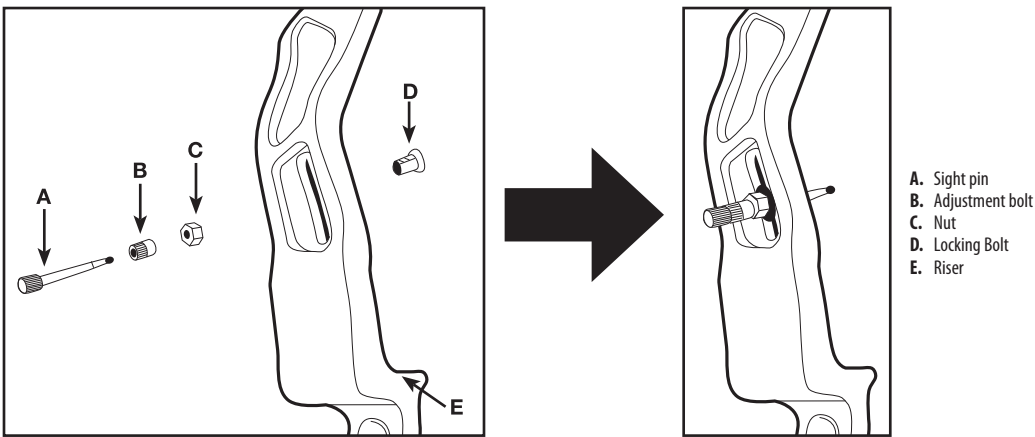
### 2. LEARN ABOUT YOUR BOW



NOTE: not all parts will be on every bow.

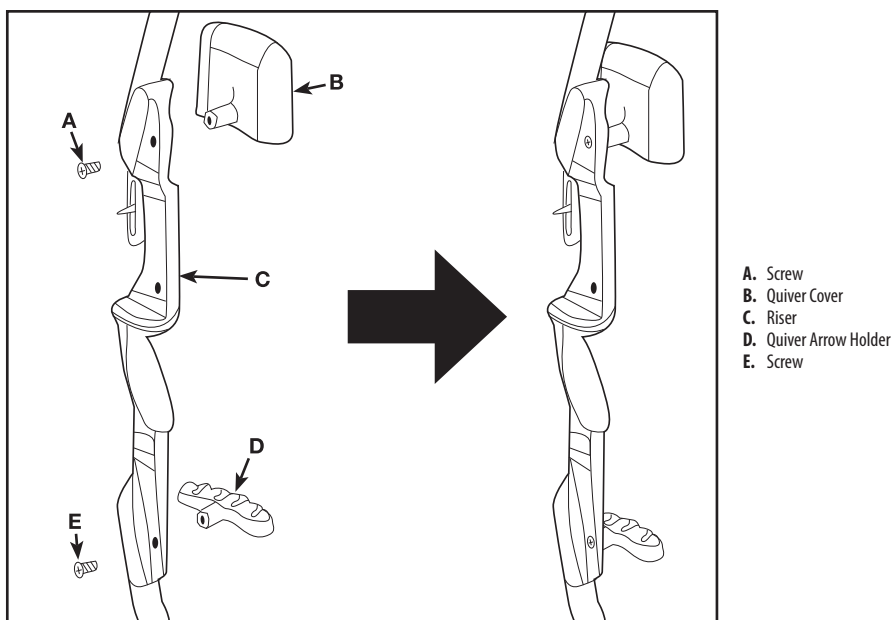
### 3. SETTING UP YOUR BOW

- A. Sight Set Installation**
- Install the sight pin and locking nuts into the bow as shown.



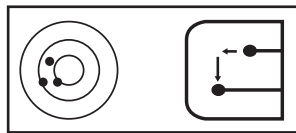
- B. Quiver Set Installation**
- Install two-piece quiver to the bow riser using the provided wrench kits and screws, as shown.

NOTE: The quiver cover should be toward the top of the bow.



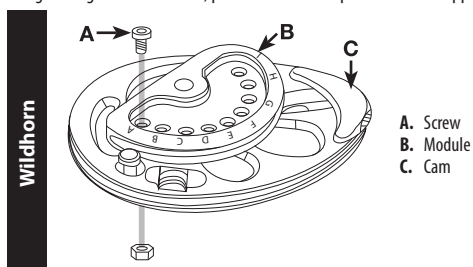
- C. Sight Adjustment**
- When adjusting the sight pin position, always remember to "follow the group." For example, if the shot group is to the left of the target, move the sight pin to the left. If the shot is low, move the sight pin down.

- D. Mounting the Arrow Rest**
- There is a circle above the grip on the main piece designating where the rest should go. Clean the area to ensure the adhesive will stick. Peel away the self-adhesive backing on the arrow rest. Center the hole in the arrow rest over the circle in the main part of the bow. Once aligned, attach the arrow rest to the bow using firm pressure.



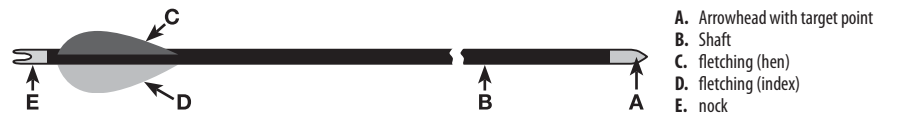
### 4. BOW ADJUSTMENTS

- A. Module and Draw Weight/Draw Length Adjustment**
- If your bow comes with the string version and it is equipped with the module, you can adjust the draw weight. The rotatable slide module provides the adjustable draw length in 1" intervals. To adjust the draw length, use a suitable Allen wrench to remove the module screws. Make sure that the module is flush against the face of the cam while tightening the screws. Next, perform the same operation on the opposite cam.



IMPORTANT: Make sure both cams are set to the same draw length position.

### Arrow Parts



### 5. Shooting Preparation

- Put the armguard on the arm used to hold the bow. The armguard should cover the inside of your forearm to protect it from being struck by the string when it is released.

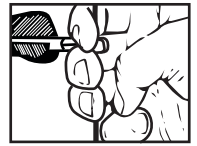
#### A. Nocking the Arrow

- Before each shot check all arrow components. This includes the nock, insert, and tip. Make sure there are no cracks or dents on the shaft and that the nock is tight. With a bow in the relaxed position, snap the arrow nock onto the string in between the finger rollers, making sure that the hen fletching is facing out. Keep the shaft aligned with the center of the arrow rest and string.
- Place your index finger above the nock point on the upper finger roller with the middle and ring fingers at the bottom rollers under the arrow.



#### B. Ready to Shoot

- Draw the bow string back to your jaw and anchor your first finger at the corner of your mouth. Keep your arm slightly bent, and with the bow vertical, aim at your target, and release the bow string. Never release your string without an arrow nocked.



### 6. MAINTENANCE & CARE

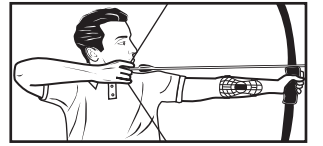
It is important to inspect your bow regularly. Proper care and regular maintenance will keep the bow in good condition.

#### A. Lubrication

- Wipe the cable guard periodically with a dry cloth to keep cables running smoothly and free of dust.
- Cams do not require lubrication. If other lubrications is necessary, use white lithium grease or Teflon™ lubricants. Avoid excessive lubrication of any item, as this can attract dirt.

#### B. String & Synthetic Cable Maintenance

- Regularly apply a high quality bow string wax to your string and synthetic cable system. Regular waxing protects your cables and string from abrasion and wear. Smear wax into position. Then, rub it gently with your fingers or a soft piece of leather to work the wax into the strands. Replace frayed or worn bowstrings and cables immediately. Clean your bow thoroughly after each use. Lightly use lubricant wax on all steel parts to prevent rust, such as axles and mounting screws.



#### C. Storage and Transportation

- Avoid exposing your bow to temperatures over 150 degrees. Excessive heat may damage your bow. Never store your bow close to or in any wet or damp areas. Clean your bow thoroughly after each use. Never put your bow away wet or store it in a damp place. Lightly oil metal parts to prevent rust.

